

# DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. XXXII.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, THURSDAY MORNING DECEMBER 12, 1889.

NO. 58.

**THE WINTER CROP.**

Oranges to Be Harvested in December and January.

The San Francisco Bulletin says:

Oranges, clear-skinned and golden-hued, now weight the branches of thousands of trees in California's upper citrus belt. They are fast ripening, and soon they will be ready to sell at various arranged exhibitions of the State's winter harvest time. If any doubt lingers in the minds of the skeptical, here or abroad, of the possibility of orange production north of the thirty-eighth parallel, the enterprising advocates of citrus culture in California's upper counties will try hard, this season, to dispel it. From San Francisco to Shasta, from Sonoma to Sierra, oranges will be brought to teach their own lesson in horticulture. The first show of the season of the golden fruit will begin this week. Placer county citizens have promised to have at least 25,000 oranges in Viticultural Hall (formerly Platt's Hall) that there all may see the character of the fruit, on the production of which that foothill region has great hopes for the future. In the door-yards of Sacramento, Marysville, St. Helena, Santa Rosa, San Jose, and most interior towns, ripening oranges may now be seen. San Francisco, with its equable climate, lays no claim to citrus culture, present or prospective, yet some of the largest Washington Naval oranges ever shown in the State were picked from a tree at Bay View a few weeks ago.

The best that the orange trees of all the upper counties can show will be sent to the State Citrus Fair, to be held in Oroville the second week in January. Great preparations for that event are being made already, and its success is assured. From the State appropriation \$2,500 have been given the Fair, but all this amount will be devoted to premiums. Oroville citizens have already subscribed about \$6,000 to defray expenses. Placer County Supervisors have given \$1,500, the Marysville City Fathers have promised \$750, and from Yuba, Sutter, Tehama, Shasta, Sacramento and other countries contributions of products as well as funds are expected. The Southern Pacific company, which now controls the road to Oroville, will give reduced rates from this city. By this time it is hoped to run trains so that travelers may leave here in the afternoon and reach Oroville without change during the evening. Major Albert Jones, who was one of the originators of the first Citrus Fair, is now in the city making arrangements for the coming event. He says that the orange trees of that region never looked better. The pavilion is being enlarged so that it will cover a space of 66 by 220 feet, enclosing fourteen bearing orange trees. There will be many choice oranges, other than the favorite seedling, from trees that will bear for the first time this season. The local Citrus Association will have at least 100 boxes of Tangerine, Malta, Blood, Mediterranean, Sweet, Naval and other varieties from the grove of the Association at Thermalito.

Fruits of all sorts, especially figs, grapes and olives, from the foothill counties, will be shown, as well as citrus products. A street railway company, just organized, is now at work planning to get a transportation line through Oroville and on to Thermalito, before the date of the fair. The new Palermo Colony will have a display of products.

When ex-Judge C. F. Lott, of Oroville, was in Washington lately at the Knights Templar Convocation, he called at the Department of Agriculture headquarters and told the chief officials there much of interest regarding the horticulture of the upper part of the State. Judging from recent reports of this department, there was need of much enlightenment in that respect.

**ARID LANDS.**

The San Francisco Chronicle editorially remarks:

It is a little singular that President Harrison's message contained no allusion to the plan which has been projected for the reclamation and irrigation of the arid lands of the United States. Possibly the subject has not reached the stage where the President deemed it necessary to call the attention of Congress to it, and he may have thought it due to the Senate to withhold any recommendation on that subject until the report of the Arid Lands Committee of that body had been laid before it.

There is no topic which can be of more general interest than the scheme for the creation of hundreds of thousands of acres of cultivable lands. The word "creation" is used advisedly, for the reclamation of these lands will really be making something out of nothing, that is, something extremely valuable out of what is now utterly valueless. It has been shown in a variety of ways that for every dollar the Government expends upon the arid lands it may expect to get back at least five, and possibly more; but this is not the best argument in favor of the plan of reclamation. The best and strongest argument is that the reduction of these lands to a cultivable state will furnish thousands of the American people of this and succeeding generations with homes, and this argument is or should be unanswerable.

Probably it will be a matter of difficulty to get the East and even the older States of the West interested in this subject, because of their ignorance of the conditions of the arid lands. They have no knowledge upon the subject of systematic irrigation, or, in fact, of any kind of irrigation except sprinkling from a garden hose or a watering pot, and will have to have the whole question explained to them again and again before they will concur in the Western view of it. The only way is to be patient and persistent with them, to convince them by facts and figures and to show them the manifest advantages of the system so plainly that they cannot refuse to believe, and then the way will be comparatively smooth.

When the report of the Senate Committee is received there will probably be some definite action taken, at least so far as the introduction of one or more bills concerned, and the President may then deem it proper to send a special message to Congress on the subject. If he will be guided by the judgment of Western Senators and Representatives, who have given the matter a great deal of study, he will urge the arid lands proposition upon the attention of Congress as a subject in which the welfare of the whole nation is deeply involved.

A poll of the members of Congress on the question of the location of the World's Fair elicited 170 answers, a majority in favor of Chicago. Though a straw vote it shows that 230 members are on the fence awaiting a proper time to jump off the perch.

A dispatch from Adelaide, Australia, reports that Henry Seale, champion single sculler of the world, is dead.

**THE LOVE FOR PASSIONS.**

**IT GETS WOMEN INTO BAD PREDICMENTS SOMETIMES.**

Auction Sales Are Very Exciting, but They Are Not Always Reliable—The Tribulations of Mrs. Brown and How She Didn't Get Her Fine Purchase.

The woman who will not waste four hours of valuable time and twenty-five cents in car fare to swell the crowd at the bargain counter of a dry goods store to save four cents a yard in a purchase of five yards of useless trimming is a feminine freak well worth the attention of any enterprising museum manager.

This love of bargains is not confined to dry goods stores alone. It finds its chief gratification in auction rooms. There are auctions and auctions.

**THE AUCTION ROOMS.**

The crowded auction rooms are those which advertise every day household furniture. There is the enterprising boarding house keeper who wants to get hold of a cheap folding bed, side by side with the newly married wife who would like to get hold of some inexpensive articles of furniture to fill her rather empty flat. The poorly dressed woman with the pale faced baby on her arms wants some pants and kettle for her kitchen, and the professional shopper and sightseer does not know herself what she wants.

A few days ago a story came to the knowledge of a News reporter that bears out the observations. It was about a Mrs. Brown who lived in an upown flat. She read the advertisement of a large auction sale in a sit-off the Bowery. She had never been to any of these sales, but her friends had told her such tales of the many useful articles that could be bought there for less than their value that she felt bent on trying the experiment for herself. By strict economy she had saved \$30 from her weekly allowances, and that money should buy two sets of curtains. They were advertised for less than one-fourth of their real value, and Mrs. Brown wanted curtains very badly. Hers had been washed and darned so often that she need not be told out any longer. So one fine morning Mrs. Brown set out for the auction sale, a little timid but full of anticipation.

The room was so crowded that she could not conveniently get to any of the articles for sale and hardly could she collect her thoughts. The hum of the hundred of voices, the shrill calls of the auctioneer and the answers of the bidders bewildered her thoroughly. But she was a smart woman and able to take care of herself. The curtains had not been sold yet and would not be for some time to come, but there was a desk—a such a beautiful old fashioned one, just one of those that are all the rage now. Her husband had wished for a good, big desk with extension and drawers to run over so long, and next week was his birthday. Such a chance would never occur again—a desk worth from \$60 to \$100. Mrs. Brown could not resist and, after several efforts, the desk was hers for \$25.

She would not go home yet; she just began to feel interested in the thing when a folding bed was brought. How much more room would there be in their little sleeping room if, instead of the big standing bedstead, she would buy this beautiful folding bed. The room would look quite different, and any how everybody had folding beds nowadays, soliloquized Mrs. Brown, and looked with longing eyes toward the event object.

"Why don't you bid?" asked a woman beside her.

"I am sorry I cannot, I have not money enough with me," replied Mrs. Brown, dofully.

"If it is only that, they will give credit us to you like us, and if they do not, I will take the folding bed off your hands. I want it anyhow and do not care for bidding myself."

**MRS. BROWN'S BARGAINS.**

And thus encouraged Mrs. Brown bought the beautiful folding bed for \$30. It was a real bargain, she was told everywhere, and she felt very happy.

At last she returned home with the curtains. They were just what she wanted, and she had no more money. But her newly found friend encouraged her again and promised to take the curtains off her hands if necessary. Curtains are always useful, she added, and soon Mrs. Brown was the happy owner of two sets of real lace curtains for \$15; worth \$20 according to the auctioneer.

At last the sale was over, and people paid and removed their purchases. Mrs. Brown was asked to settle her bill, amounting to \$70, and take her bargains away.

Timidly she approached the auctioneer to explain matters and ask for credit, but he looked angrily at her and insisted on immediate payment. Mrs. Brown went to look for her friend, but that person was not to be found anywhere, and Mrs. Brown stood helplessly with the red of shame and confusion on her face.

An elderly gentleman, who had evidently observed the scene, came forward to settle matters between Mrs. Brown and the angry auctioneer. After several efforts he succeeded in pacifying the latter and settle the affair to the great delight of poor Mrs. Brown. She deposited the money she had with her, \$30, left her address and promised to pay the rest the following day, when she should be permitted to remove her purchases.

Never any bargain hunter felt more grateful than Mrs. Brown felt toward the dear old gentleman. But her troubles were not at an end yet. Mr. Brown was a worn out army of all auction sales and a very prejudiced man generally. He must never know anything of the business. But who would give her money to get all her bargains away?

She went to several friends and at last struck a kind soul. The next morning, at the hour appointed, she rushed down town with the money firmly in her hand and aglow with the idea that she would redeem her son, who was home on his summer vacation.

"A Different Kind."

"It always sort of makes me feel sad and down hearted to read about the prodigal son in the Bible," said Farmer Silken to his male offspring, who was home on his summer vacation.

"There stood poor Mrs. Brown, without her \$30, but richer in experience. Her story may have others from doing what she did—New York News.

**Had Plenty of Time.**

Not long ago, while about half a dozen farmers were returning home by train from the Firth weekly markets, they talked about how that friend and that friend was in his field and he had much money each of them must have made.

"Ay, but men dinna live nearly as long noo-days as they did in the Bibl times!" remarked one with a heavy sigh.

The same young lady was boasting the antiquity of her family.

"They are very, very ancient," said she.

"They date back to 400 B. C. But what does B. C. mean, anyway?"—Washington Post.

**INDUSTRIAL VILLAGES.**

Efforts to Re-establish These Much Needed Communities in England.

The society for promoting the growth of industrial villages has set before itself an object with which it is impossible not to sympathize. The aggregation of men in towns and cities has been historically the condition of some of the greatest and proudest achievements which human society can boast. But although urban life has its advantages, and is in measure essential to the corporate well being, it has its disadvantages also, and very grievous these disadvantages are. The benefits are obvious.

It needs no comprehensive survey or elaborate statistics to prove that the near neighborhood of a town diminishes its chances to compete for this material advantage in a way made impossible to the distant districts. This is obvious to the most casual observation, and it has been so clearly seen by Englishmen within the last half century that a perfect rush has set in of the rural population into towns, with the result that, while these latter have grown with unexampled rapidity and attained unprecedented proportions, many country districts have been almost denuded of inhabitants, and villages, with their domestic industries and institutions, have perished in the shadow of colossal neighbors.

This wholesale obliteration of the village type has undoubtedly involved a serious loss to the community, perhaps even a national loss. At any rate the sentiment cannot be mistaken which has led Sir George Campbell and his associates to cast about for the means of restoring the deserted village, and recalling public attention to the possibilities of benefit to town and country alike in the provision of an outlet within our own borders for that most miserable and most dangerous of all social growths—a surplus town population.

The diffusion of sound views, and still more the establishment of sound practice, in such a matter must be a work of time, and it may well be that the formulated programme of the society will be subject to considerable modification in the light of experience, but we are glad to learn that they have met with some measure of encouragement.

Among the instances which are mentioned the following is peculiarly satisfactory: A West End firm of bootmakers has for some time past given to any of their older hands the privilege of living in the country, and having boxes of materials sent to them periodically, which they return filled with the manufactured article. The firm pay London wages and the men pay the carriage of the goods, reaping the benefit of lower rents, fresh air and healthy surroundings of their rural cottage life.—London Lance.

**Americans and Mustard.**

"Have you ever noticed," inquired an observant young man with whom I was lunching the other day, "how few Americans eat mustard?"

I confessed a lack of study in that direction, and he continued:

"In England mustard is the great national condiment. An Englishman will never eat bacon, ham, or steak without it, and many of them season mutton with it. An Englishman, when you give him an unexpected meal, will say, 'I'll give you mustard before you eat.'"

With Americans it is different. They never take mustard with beef, and rarely with anything else, unless it is very fat ham. Americans deluge their meat with hot Indian and other sauces, but they let mustard alone. My proof, say you? My proof is right here. Examine every mustard cruet in this restaurant and you will find that its contents might have been mixed ten years ago, for they look as old as Methuselah and smell twice as musty. I don't believe that there's a restaurant in this city that uses a pound of mustard a week."—Chicago Journal.

**TOYS FOR THE LITTLE ONES.**

Lots of useful and fancy articles for young and old, rich and poor, at the

**PALACE BAKERY.**

Come one, Come all. Our stock is larger than ever, and all brand new.

**OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE,**

Just as in former years, which has enabled us to nearly always dispose of our stock. Don't forget

**WE TAKE THE LEAD.**

**PALACE BAKERY.**

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES

FOR THE

State Insane Asylum, at Reno, Nev.

**THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CARE OF THE INSANE ASYLUM OF NEVADA** are invited to propose for furnishing supplies to carry on the Insane Asylum at Reno, Nevada, up to December 28, 1889, for six months from January 1, 1890, to June 30, 1890. All persons interested are invited to submit their proposals to the commissioners, who will receive them on December 28, 1889. All persons desiring to make proposals for furnishing said supplies, or any part thereof, will, upon application to the commissioners, be furnished with a full statement of all requirements and all necessary particulars pertaining thereto. G. W. RICHARDS, Secretary.

**T. K. HYMERS,**

**THREECORN LIVERY, FEED AND STABLE,**

Opposite the B. B. Depot, Reno.

J. A. POTHOFF, PROPRIETOR.

Horses, Buggies and Noddy Horses

—TO LET—

Best Turnouts Constantly on Hand.

—TO LET—

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

**DANCING SCHOOL.**

M. R. AND MRS. F. MCGOWAN, w. & L. open a Dancing School at 4th and Second Streets, Reno, Nev.

Gentlemen's class will meet every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Children's class will meet every Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Single lessons for Gentlemen or Lady ..... \$ .75

Four lessons ..... 2.00

Children's single lesson ..... .50

Four lessons for children ..... 1.00

Mrs. AND MRS. F. MCGOWAN, Teachers.

**NOTICE.**

**THE COLLECTOR OF THE RENO**

Water Company has been instructed to strictly enforce the rules and regulations of the company.

By order of the President. RENO WATER CO.

anglin.

RENO, NEVADA.

## DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. POWNING, Editor and Proprietor  
REMOVAL OF PUBLIC FUNDS.

The pronounced attitude of the President and Secretary of the Treasury against the policy of depositing large amounts of the public funds in the national banks must have prepared the tanks for the notification that such funds would be withdrawn at intervals of six weeks, and in installments of not over ten per cent. The first withdrawal is to be made by January 15, but already the Secretary of the Treasury has received notice from several of the banks that they desire to surrender at once all the public funds they have on deposit, and to sell to the Treasury at an acceptable price the bonds which secured such deposits. These proposals have been favorably received by the Secretary, and it is quite probable most of the banks will follow the example of those already heard from.

There has been some apprehension expressed that the withdrawal of these deposits would unfavorably affect the money market, but if the banks generally sell their bonds to the Treasury the result will be to help the money market, since disbursements for the bonds which secure the deposits will take a larger amount out of the Treasury than will be returned to it. The obvious policy of the banks is to get rid of their bonds as promptly as possible, since there will be a reduction of one per cent in the premium paid on four per cent after January 1, when the next quarterly interest falls.

The last Republican national platform took very positive grounds against the deposit of public funds with the banks, as this had been done by the last administration of the Treasury, and the action now taken shows that this declaration of the party is to be respected. Earlier action was not practicable, and a though the present time appeared to some not quite auspicious for instituting a withdrawal the promise is that no harm will result to the money market, but possibly benefit. At any rate the policy of depositing large amounts of public funds with the banks, which both the President and Secretary of the Treasury regard as pernicious, is to be abandoned, and that done it will doubtless never be resumed.

## ALL FOR SILVER.

A Northwestern Congressional Committee has been organized at Washington. On its inception the meeting was called to order by Representative Carter, of Montana. Senator Stewart presided, with Carter acting as Secretary. Speeches were made by Senators Moody, Squires and Allen. Delegates Dubois, Representatives Wilson, Hansbrough, Barine, Stewart, Carey and Carter were selected a committee to perfect the organization, which is to include Oregon, Washington, Montana, North and South Dakota, Wyoming, Idaho, Colorado, Montana, California, and the same state of Territories as Wyoming and Idaho, and will doubtless be included. The object of the organization is this: "It is to be non-partisan and devoted to co-operative work in all matters in which the region represented is interested." The restoration of silver to its old place is, of course, the main object which this committee seeks to attain.

To Senator Stewart, Congressman Barnes and all others engaged in the good cause the Journal sends greeting. The great West and Northwest, the undeveloped portion of the country, knows its rights and will maintain them.

Electricians realize that they cannot long maintain the overhead wire system. The dangers to life and property are so great that municipal authorities cannot long resist the popular demand for grounding the wires. For this reason inventors are experimenting and investigating new methods to meet the inevitable. How to dispense with the trolley system of electric propulsion is the most difficult problem to solve.

The storage battery system is a failure so far, owing to the great weight of the batteries. Recent tests show that underground propulsion is not only possible but practicable. A New Jersey inventor has demonstrated that a powerful current can be carried between the rails without endangering life. It is a conduit system, consisting of a copper rod and brass plates. The conduit is without a slot, and is water and air tight. Connection between the copper rod and brass plates is formed by permanent magnets preceding the brushes under the car. As soon as the car passes over one of the strips the levers drop of their own weight and break the circuit in the conduit. This prevents the current from extending to the rails or along the surface of the conduit. Of course this system is not without objection, but it serves to show that electricians are fully alive to the necessity of abandoning overhead wires.

*Storming East.*  
Special to the JOURNAL.  
PIRATES, Dec. 11.—The most destructive wind and rain storm that ever visited the western part of Westmoreland county passed over Jeannette to-day. Houses were blown down and uprooted and trees torn up by the roots. A number of houses were removed from their foundations. No lives were lost.

Where Does Nevada Get Oil?  
Special to the JOURNAL.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—A private telegram from Washington says W. H. Pratt, of Eureka, Humboldt county, has been agreed upon by the California delegation in Congress for the position of United States Surveyor General of California, to succeed General R. P. Hammond.

Another Republic in Prospect.  
Special to the JOURNAL.  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Senator Call introduced a joint resolution to-day authorizing the President to begin negotiations with the Government of Spain for the establishment of a Republic on the island of Cuba.

## THE TURBULENT WATERS.

## NUMEROUS CALIFORNIA STREAMS OVERFLOWING THEIR BANKS.

Two Men Drowned—Several Towns in Danger—Railroad Travel Suspended.

Special to the JOURNAL.

## A GREAT TRACT FLOODED.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 11.—Reports from points north of this city show much damage done by the rising water in the Sacramento river and tributaries caused by the recent rains.

The river has risen over twenty-five feet above low-water mark at Colusa. The levee broke below that town this morning, flooding thousands of acres. Hundreds of men are patrolling the levees, watching for danger.

Several washouts have occurred and a number of small bridges have been washed away in the vicinity of Marysville, Oroville and Red Bluff, and the Oregon trains are delayed at Marysville.

BRIDGES AND FLUMES SWEEP AWAY.

RED BLUFF, Dec. 11.—A wagon bridge over the Red Bank, two miles south of town, has washed down against the railroad bridge, dislodging and injuring it so badly that it is not passable. The former is almost a total loss.

The Sierra Lumber Company's flume across the slough above town was washed away, striking the electric light and telephone poles and carrying all with it, last evening, leaving Red Bluff in darkness after 8 o'clock.

Several miles of the Sierra Lumber Company's flume is reported blown down.

## A WOMAN CITIZEN DROWNED.

RED BLUFF, Dec. 11.—O. T. Jones, proprietor of the Wine Rooms, and a well-known man, was drowned last night while attempting to cross a bridge over Reed's creek. The high water had washed away fifty feet of the embankment at the end of the bridge, and Jones fell into the water, which was surging through at the rate of twenty miles an hour. His body was swept into the Sacramento river.

CHICO ISOLATED.

CHICO, Dec. 11.—There has been an incessant rainfall here for the past forty-eight hours, accompanied by high winds. A number of bridges near town have been swept away.

All railroad communication is closed north and south of Chico. No trains have passed through here since Monday.

Stock in considerable numbers have perished.

The country between Chico and the river is all under water, and the water in the mountains, belonging to the same chain of Territories as Wyoming and Idaho, and will doubtless be included. The object of the organization is this: "It is to be non-partisan and devoted to co-operative work in all matters in which the region represented is interested." The restoration of silver to its old place is, of course, the main object which this committee seeks to attain.

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*Storming East.*  
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PIRATES, Dec. 11.—The coal dealing firm of Alpers & Swarhout is in serious trouble. A rumor of their failure was circulated yesterday. The amount of their liabilities is placed at \$200,000. Swarhout says his partner, Alpers, who has the combination of the safe, has been absent since Thursday, and that he is in complete ignorance of the state of affairs.

A Change Desired.  
Special to the JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Senator Platt introduced a bill in the Senate to-day to enunciate laws of the Territory of Arizona, so as to give the Governor an opportunity to appoint officials without the presence of the Legislature, and to call the Legislature to extra session.

The Last Johnstown Disaster.  
Special to the JOURNAL.

JOHNSTOWN, Dec. 11.—No more deaths have resulted, the number of dead being 10. Twenty-two were seriously hurt, some of whom will likely die. Probably fifty others sustained slight injuries. The funerals of the victims will take place Friday.

They Want to Come In.  
Special to the JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—In the Senate this morning the Vice President laid before it a memorial from the Legislature of Arizona asking for an enabling act; also a memorial from the Legislature of Colorado asking for the admission of New Mexico.

A Queer Accident.  
Special to the JOURNAL.

GRASS VALLEY, Cal., Dec. 11.—This afternoon Edward Hooper, in the Idaho mine, had the palm of his left hand stripped completely out by being caught between the pump rod and some timbers. The wound is dangerous.

A Shover of the Queer Convicted.  
Special to the JOURNAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—In the Cronin case to-day, Forrest, for the defense, closed his argument, which had lasted three days and a half, with an appeal to the jury for an acquittal. The Court then adjourned until Friday.

## FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

An Interesting Budget of News About Noted Persons—Little Miss Woodburn, of Barnum, of New York.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4, 1889.

This has been a week of unusual interest. The convening of Congress, the election of a Speaker and the publication of the President's message, were matters of the utmost importance to the public. All these things are answered and to the general satisfaction of every one. Mr. Reed's election to the Speakership was a foregone conclusion. Democrats and Republicans concede his ability. Both he and Mrs. Reed are genial, cultured people, and thoroughly able to sustain the dignity of their new social position. As the wife of the Speaker, Mrs. Reed will outrank the wives of Cabinet officers, and though of a domestic, retiring nature, yet no one doubts but her receptions will equal in brilliancy those of her predecessor, Mrs. Carlisle, who was noted for her happy manner of entertaining the throng that was always present at her receptions.

The President's message seems to have struck a popular chord, for the general comment is "an able, manly and honest document."

The appointment of David J. Brewer, of Kansas, on the Supreme Bench, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Matthews, was something of a surprise. Judge Brewer, who is a nephew of Justice Stephen J. Field, was born in Smyrna, Asia Minor, just fifty-two years ago. His father was a missionary at that point. This is the first instance in the history of the United States Supreme Court, where two men, so nearly related as Judge Field and Judge Brewer, sat upon the bench at the same time.

President and Mrs. Harrison will take a brief rest from official cares by leaving on Friday for Chicago, in order to be present at the opening of the Auditorium, with Patti as the attraction. They will be guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Peck in their beautiful house on Michigan avenue. Mrs. Morton and Mr. Russell Harrison will also be of the party. It was in this same Auditorium the convention was held which nominated General Harrison for the Presidency.

Ex-Congressman Woodburn's little daughter, Grace, since her mother's death, has been attending a prominent Catholic school here, kept by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. She is a dainty little maiden with a graceful figure, a pretty face, lit by big gray eyes deep as wells, and as bright as stars. Her hair is a tangle of dark shadows about her head, and her mouth, which often has numerous curves, is as scarlet as a pomegranate. She is full of merriment, and with her pretty manners and graces, she at once steals into the warmest corner of one's heart. She is credit to Nevada.

DOROTHY DEXTER.

Angry G. A. R. Men Take the Erection of a Monument to Grant Into Their Own Hands.

Special to the JOURNAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—A conference of the G. A. R. Posts of the State was held to-day for the purpose of devising means to raise funds with which to build a monument to General Grant. The criticisms of several posts on the capitalists of the city who have contributed largely for the World's Fair, but have not given a cent with which to honor the memory of the dead soldier, was far from flattering to the Astors and Vanderbilts of New York. There were about one thousand Grand Army men present and they claimed that if they aided in erecting the monument there should be something on the status or pedestal to show it was not entirely paid for by the contributions of millionaires. A committee that sought to get an endorsement from the meeting in favor of New York for the World's Fair was first informed that the meeting had not convened for any such purpose and then was politely requested to retire.

COLONEL RATHBONE DEAD.

The Founder of the Order of the Knights of Pythias.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 11.—Colonel J. H. Rathbone, founder of the Order of the Knights of Pythias, who had been lying ill for several weeks at Lima, O., died there yesterday afternoon. Deceased was the son of a lawyer and was born in Oneida county, N. Y., October 29, 1839. At the breaking out of the war he aided in forming the First Michigan Regiment, but on account of some informality the regiment was not accepted by the Governor, and Rathbone went back to his teacher's desk at Eagle on Lake Superior. He re-entered the army in 1863 and remained until 1865. He held several positions under the Federal Government. It was while in the Medical Department in 1864 that Rathbone brought his Knights of Pythias ritual to the attention of some friends and that the Order was founded.

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The Last Johnstown Disaster.

Special to the JOURNAL.

JOHNSTOWN, Dec. 11.—No more deaths have resulted, the number of dead being 10. Twenty-two were seriously hurt, some of whom will likely die. Probably fifty others sustained slight injuries. The funerals of the victims will take place Friday.

They Want to Come In.

Special to the JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—In the Senate this morning the Vice President laid before it a memorial from the Legislature of Arizona asking for an enabling act; also a memorial from the Legislature of Colorado asking for the admission of New Mexico.

After Gold Nuggets.

Special to the JOURNAL.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 11.—Articles of incorporation were filed to-day of the Julian Gold Mining & Milling Co., at East St. Louis, for mining and milling in the State of California. Capital stock \$6,000,000. The incorporators are Charles Weiser, Bryan O'Bear, David C. Kling and others. The wound is dangerous.

A Queer Accident.

Special to the JOURNAL.

GRASS VALLEY, Cal., Dec. 11.—This afternoon Edward Hooper, in the Idaho mine, had the palm of his left hand stripped completely out by being caught between the pump rod and some timbers. The wound is dangerous.

A Shover of the Queer Convicted.

Special to the JOURNAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—In the Cronin case to-day, Forrest, for the defense, closed his argument, which had lasted three days and a half, with an appeal to the jury for an acquittal. The Court then adjourned until Friday.

## WHOLESALE LYNCHING.

THE NEW BRAZILIAN REPUBLIC ALL RIGHT FINANCIALLY.

Memorial Services in Honor of Jeff Davis—Miscellaneous Telegrams.

The South's Idol.

Special to the JOURNAL.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 11.—Memorial services in honor of Jefferson Davis were held here at noon, and in every town and hamlet in the middle of West Tennessee.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 11.—All the State offices were closed and business suspended during the hours of the funeral of Jefferson Davis. Elaborate memorial services were held.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 11.—The Legislature to-day held memorial services in honor of Jefferson Davis. A memorial service also took place in the city hall. No such manifestation has occurred in the South since Calhoun's death.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 11.—Business was suspended in Norfolk, Portsmouth and surrounding towns to-day, and the inhabitants turned out en masse to attend services in honor of Davis' memory.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 11.—Montgomery is wrapped in the emblems of mourning and sorrow. During the hours of the funeral the bells of the city were tolled, minute guns fired from Capitol Hall and appropriate memorial services held and largely attended.

A Cannon Bursts.

Special to the JOURNAL.

COLUMBUS, S. C., Dec. 11.—By the premature explosion of a cannon used in firing the salute to-day several persons were injured. The cannon was that used in firing a salute when South Carolina seceded from the Union. It was fished out of the river one year ago, where it had been thrown when Sherman's army was about to enter the city.

The Silcott Steal.

Special to the JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 11.—The Silcott investigating committee will submit their report to the House to-morrow. The report exonerates Teller and his bookkeeper from any connection with the crime.

NEW TO-DAY.

Read This.

All persons who subscribed towards helping the W. O. T. U. work, during Major Hill's lectures, are requested to hand the money to

Johns Hopkins University.

To Stockmen and Others.

J. Westlake makes to order men's heavy French kid shoes, full stitch, for \$5. Try a pair. Repairing cheap and prompt. Opposite the Post office.

GIVEN BY

GR

## DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,  
12½ CENTS PER WEEK.

## BREVITIES.

J. L. Wines is in from Eureka.  
Johnny Fitzgerald is steadily improving.  
Dr. Moore, the dentist, has returned to Reno.  
The Lew Johnson colored minstrels to night.  
W. J. Hanks, of Elko, was in town last evening.  
C. H. Lewis was up from Wadsworth yesterday.  
Jack Foulke came up from Sacramento yesterday.  
The new depot will be lighted by gas, and 44 lights used.

The Con. New York has levied an assessment of 15 cents per share.  
C. H. Galusha has been elected Captain of the Carson Guard shooting team.

Some of the new machinery for the Electric Light Co. will be here in a day or two.

J. Westlake makes to order men's heavy French kid shoes, full stitch, for \$5. See 50-cent column.

Miss Emily A. Fish left yesterday afternoon on the delayed fast mail for a long trip to Boston relatives.

Superintendent Jerry Whited was in town yesterday afternoon. His division is all right and in good condition.

Up to the present time 178 inches of snow have fallen on the Summit, as against 19 at the same date last winter.

An ordinance regulating the storage of petroleum or the refined products of petroleum, will be found in the advertising columns.

Storms east and west, but Reno has the best climate. The weather is under control, and Reno is undisturbed by floods or wind storms.

Wells, Fargo & Co. has moved into its new and convenient office, and Dick Smith and Sam Stanaway are perfectly willing to go without any Christmas candy in their stockings.

All persons who subscribed toward helping the W. C. T. U. work during Major Hilton's lectures, are requested to hand the money to Mrs. T. K. Hymer. See 50-cent column.

A grand chance for holiday presents can be found at Emrich's, of the Nevada dry goods and carpet store. He received beautiful cloaks and jackets at the most startling low prices, and a large invoice of fancy novelties. Call before the rush begins.

Order from the Mint.

Director of the Mint Leech, has issued the following important circular: The Superintendents of the Mints at Philadelphia, San Francisco, New Orleans, and Carson will purchase, when presented in sums of \$5 and upward, milled and uncirculated United States silver coin, at price fixed by the Director of the Mint for silver contained in gold deposits. Uncirculated coins should be transmitted to the Mint by mail or express, charges prepaid, the value to be returned in same manner at seller's expense and risk.

**Read His Advertisement.**

R. Herz, the jeweler, recently returned from a tour of the East and Europe. During his absence he exercised his taste and long experience in the jewelry business by purchasing novelties and staples in that line most suitable to the wants of this community. These goods are now on exhibition at his establishment, and a most beautiful display they make. For a Christmas present the receiver cannot fail to appreciate there is no better place to visit than Herz's.

## Hauling Hay to Hay Banks.

The Silver State says: Ottman Riel, who owns hay ranches on the Main Humboldt and Little Humboldt rivers, is hauling hay from the railroad to keep his stock from starving. Ordinarily Mr. Riel has considerable hay to sell besides what he requires for cattle, but this year he has to buy imported hay. The Paradise Valley Company's team, too, goes back with ten or twelve tons of hay every time it brings down a load of concentrates. Paradise men say the rains insure a good hay crop in the valley next season.

## The Fair Grounds.

The Executive Committee of the State Board of Agriculture met yesterday and opened the bids for the lease of the Fair Grounds. There were three bids—one of \$200, one of \$500 and one of \$1,200. The privilege was awarded to T. A. Read, of Franktown, at \$1,020.

## Wholesale Lynching.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 11.—The Examiner's Cheyenne special says: A prospector has returned from the Big Horn Basin and tells the story of the wholesale lynching of "Kettle Jack" and his band.

Four desperadoes appeared in the Basin eighteen months ago and being reinforced by kindred spirit, built themselves a log house and block fort in the valley and began robbing the cattle and shooting their horses. Several fights took place in which the settlers were always worsted. An old man and two grown sons who at one time attempted to retake their horses of horses which had been shot, were killed. At this time there was an uprising of the settlers and eleven of "Kettle Jack's" band were lynched.

Found Dead.

FORT CHEYENNE, N. Y., Dec. 11.—Rev. J. B. Hendrick was found dead in bed this morning. Hendrick was at one time President of Vas Co College and widely known.

## TALKING OF WAR TIMES.

## THE CONFEDERATE LEADER'S DEATH RECALLS OLD MEMORIES.

J. C. Hampton's California Estate Settled—Drummer Bosko and Professor Flint.

Jefferson Davis' death serves as an excuse for every writer in the country, whether north or south of Mason and Dixon's line, to rouse up recollections about the Civil War.

Well, what of it? Hasn't one a right to remember things that have happened during his lifetime, and hasn't he the privilege of writing about them, and getting his stuff printed if he can?

The writer of this was under 10 years old when the war broke out, but can recall many of the stirring scenes incident to that gigantic struggle. Even to this western verge of our national domain the throbings of their strife were felt. How time softens all our feelings! Twenty-four years ago the news that the leader of the Confederacy had passed away would have been received with noisy acclaim throughout the North. Bands would have blared, bonfires would have blazed and torchlight processions would have followed until the very stars had echoed the din. Yesterday he died, and in the daily press the story of his last sickness occupied less than two columns. There was no exultation, no laudatory denunciation, no bitter biographical analysis. Instead, we had pathetic descriptions of the death-bed scenes, brief sketches of the dead man's career, dealing with him as an historical personage, an editorial paragraph or two, and that was all. Even the harshest critics spoke of his acts merely as mistakes. There were few unkind words, and many joined in a gentle "Peace to his ashes." With a great majority there was no significance whatever in his taking off. The event caused not the slightest ripple in their lives nor in the business of the community; therefore they were indifferent.

Yet this man was once the most abased person in the nation. He was burned in effigy, lampooned and caricatured. Do you remember the envelopes used in those days, with the colored picture in the upper left-hand corner? That favorite design was something abusive of the Confederate President. When Horace Greely went on Davis' bond the entire North jeered at him. Did you ever stop to think what a brave thing that act of Greely's was? It required courage in a sublime degree.

Few will regret the change the years have wrought. It is matter for congratulation that much of the gap between the States has been closed.

Every lover of his country is glad to think that the old wounds are healing, and nearly all will forgive the Southerners when they still regard Davis as a hero. He was their champion. Let them mourn his death. This upon our part is not an endorsement of his career. It is simply fraternal toleration. Neither may we hide our affection for our champions. Dead or living they deserve our gratitude. *Doggett's* centennial poem, the best, in my opinion, that our hundredth year produced, expresses this sentiment most felicitously:

"With palm and olive with the cypress twined, With charity to all, malice to none, We take the band in faith and brotherhood Of all who claim paternal heritage.

In the ripe glories of this year of years; And leading them beside the silent graves Of humble martyrs to the stony strife, Bow down, and with the grace of God forgive The hearts that wounded and the hands that struck.

While round the prostrate arm of Wrong we twine The olive, let us not forget to lay

The cypress on the grave of sacrifice; Forgive the living, not forget the dead."

The cause for which Davis strove was defeated. Lincoln's ideas were triumphantly victorious. Yet Davis outlived Lincoln's a quarter of a century. Such are the mutations of human existence.

Professor Flint, who was once Principal of the Virginia City schools and afterward preceptor to ex-Senator Fair's children, has been appointed to position in the Custom House. He used to be city editor of Alf. Doten's Gold Hill News.

If Nevada's want to stir up a hornet's nest all they have to do is to talk about tapping Lake Tahoe. Californians just get up and howl when such a project is broached.

The sad fate of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hampton, who were drowned when the steamer City of Chester was sunk in San Francisco Bay, on August 22, 1888, is recalled by the fact that the California portion of Mr. Hampton's estate has been settled up. The Probate Court has ordered that it be distributed among the children—John Clay Hampton, Grace Hampton and Edna Hampton. W. S. Gage, Jr., was administrator of the estate, and gave a bond of \$100,000 for the faithful performance of his duty. A. The administrator reports that since the estate came into his hands he received \$73,744.37 in cash. The expenses in part are being reward for the recovery of the body, \$500; attorney's fees, \$500; underwriters' bill, \$176.75; taxes, \$1,500; appraisers, \$12. The apraisals were Wm. Wirt, M. D. Savory and C. E. Gage. Following are the healing allies mentioned in the inventory:

Interest in the firm of Gage, Shattock & Co. .... \$50,000  
Pacific Lumber Co. .... 47,500  
Bonds of Pac. Co. .... 25,375  
Safety Nitro Powder Co. .... 468  
Bristol Bay Canning Co. .... 1,500  
Albatross Island & M. Co. .... 1,500  
Park Hope ..... 300  
Schooner Alida A. .... 400  
Sacramento River Packing Co. .... 500  
Merchants' Exchange Bank .... 350

Excellent, reliable and economical are the stoves and ranges sold by Lange & Schmidt. Every house and store should have them. Call and inspect before purchasing.

Interest in bills receivable, due from different mercantile firms, are scheduled sufficient to make the total \$282,233.15.

Special to the JOURNAL.

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It being known that Mrs. Helen Maria Hampton survived her husband a short time, this fact made it necessary to administer on her estate the same as if she had outlived him years instead of minutes. Accordingly it was alleged that she was heir to one-half of her husband's property. This does not affect the final distribution, however, as the children are the only heirs, neither Mr. nor Mrs. Hampton having left a will. The expenses incurred on behalf of the estate were \$921.30, of which sum \$756.50 went to the undertaker.

Charley Boskowitz, the commercial drummer, is suing J. Leroy Nickell for an accounting. Mr. Bosko says the profits of the distillery business in which they were engaged amounted to about \$6,000 last year, but that while he did most of the work he received very little of the pay.

Mrs. Lilian Frances Stover, nee McCarthy, has applied for letters of administration on the estate of her mother, Elizabeth F. McCarthy, widow of the late Denis E. McCarthy. The property of the estate consists of real estate in San Francisco valued at \$4,850, on which there is a mortgage of \$2,000, and a half interest in a note for \$1,000 signed by Annie E. Griffin.

WELLS DAURY.  
San Francisco, Dec. 7, 1889.

Plumas County Resources.

The National says:

Among the many resources of Plumas county, be it not forgotten that we are possessed of one of the finest timber belts to be found in any portion of the State. Large tracts of sugar pine are to be found in every section and corner of this county, interspersed with fir, yellow pine, spruce, cedar and oak. The importance and value of these possessions are not only beginning to be realized by Plumasites, but the world at large, are turning their eyes to the necessity of speedily acquiring a few sections of this valuable timber.

Numerous locations are constantly being made and demands for lumber from the lower country are compelling our mill men to increase the running capacity of their mills to supply orders on short notice. Without railroad facilities, the question of transportation has been a perplexing one to our timber owners. And those having timber claims a considerable distance from the various forks of Feather river, the question could not be settled but by a railroad; excepting those having claims on the borders of the county and within reasonable freighting distance of railway conveniences. But with those persons having locations near our large streams, the case is different. One year ago it was demonstrated beyond a doubt that twice during the season there was a sufficient flow of water in the North and Middle Forks of Feather river to float any quantity of logs to deep water, and the cost nominal. Between the decks each Fall and Spring, logs could be cut, hauled and put in position for easy transportation and immense returns. And right here let us say that the logging facilities of Feather river is subject matter of importance to capital seeking investment.

Among the many residents of Plumas, who have the county's interests and advancement at heart, is our sturdy and industrious pioneer, Alex. McIntosh. Mr. McIntosh is located in the southern portion of the county, eight miles from Lu Port, and owns about 1,400 acres of the finest sugar pine belt in the State. The timber question has been one of long standing importance with him, and even with his limited freighting facilities to the outside world, he is rapidly putting himself in shape to supply the lower country. Two years ago he built a box and shingle factory, but had fairly started in goin running order when a disastrous fire destroyed his entire plant.

However, never failing in that indomitable push and courage which he possesses, he immediately rebuilt his factory, and last summer he supplied Marysville with 480,000 shingles. He is now engaged in enlarging his milling capacity, and expects by Spring to have completed one of the finest mills in the State. The water power in his section is unlimited, and several large turbine wheels connected with his mill, will enable him to quickly supply all demands. He has no orders from a San Jose firm to supply them with 300,000 feet of sugar pine, which will net him about \$6,000.

This is but a single instance illustrative of what push and energy will do in Plumas. Still it serves to show our readers and the outside world that every one of us is still alive to the exigencies of the times and anxious for the rapid advancement of Plumas county.

PLEASED WITH HIS PURCHASE.

Robert Bonner Thinks Sunol Is a Wonderful Filly.

The following dispatch has been received by the New York Turf, Field and Farm:

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 9, 1889.—The more I see of Sunol the more I am impressed with her wonderful conformation. Hickok tells me she has more speed than her paddie Adonis, and Marvin says she is the only trotter he has ever driven a quarter in 30 seconds. As she is only a baby it remains to be seen whether she can when she matures live up to Maud S.'s record. But, as Governor Stanford puts it, I think she can if any horse can do it. Still, as you are aware, the public does not know all that Maud S. is capable of doing.

ROBERT BONNER.

The Omaha Bee says Emin Pasha, the contemporary of Stanley, successfully overcame the savage hordes of the jungle, smote the dwarfs and giants with equal vigor, cut his way through open and secret foes, and braved the pangs of hunger and misery with admirable heroism. And yet he had hardly touched the suburbs of civilization after three years of mental and physical travail when a champagne supper laid him out. The banquet proved more deadly than poison-ed herbs of enemies or the treachery of friends.

The St. Louis Republic says:

Et Governor George C. Perkins, a well-respected man, whose life has been a series of trials and tribulations, was born in 1837, in the state of Maine, and died in 1888, in the same state. He was a member of the legislature for many years, and was a prominent figure in the state's politics. He was a member of the state constitutional convention in 1851, and was a member of the state legislature in 1853, 1855, 1857, 1859, 1861, 1863, 1865, 1867, 1869, 1871, 1873, 1875, 1877, 1879, 1881, 1883, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959, 1961, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047, 2049, 2051, 2053, 2055, 2057, 2059, 2061, 2063, 2065, 2067, 2069, 2071, 2073, 2075, 2077, 2079, 2081, 2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2091, 2093, 2095, 2097, 2099, 2101, 2103, 2105, 2107, 2109, 2111, 2113, 2115, 2117, 2119, 2121, 2123, 2125, 2127, 2129, 2131, 2133, 2135, 2137, 2139, 2141, 2143, 2145, 2147, 2149, 2151, 2153, 2155, 2157, 2159, 2161, 2163, 2165, 2167, 2169, 2171, 2173, 2175, 2177, 2179, 2181, 2183, 2185, 2187, 2189, 2191, 2193, 2195, 2197, 2199, 2201, 2203, 2205, 2207, 2209, 221

N. P. JAQUES.

—N. P. JAQUES.—

Thompson's New Block, - - - Reno, Nevada.  
DEALER IN**STOVES, HARDWARE,**Agricultural Implements, Wagons, and All Goods Usually Kept  
IN A FIRST-CLASS STORE.Sole Agent, State of Nevada, for the Deering Mower.  
All Kinds of Rakes, Both Single and Double.**CARTS OF THE BEST MANUFACTURE.**

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING A SPECIALTY.—Having had a practical experience of over thirty years in plumbing, tin and copper work, I believe that can give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their orders.

Estimates Made and Good Work Done at Lowest Possible Prices.

**MISCELLANEOUS.****PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**1868. 1889.  
**The Pioneer Clothier of Reno.**

After Twenty-one Years of Experience in the Clothing Line.

**M. NATHAN.**

The Pioneer of Pioneers, opens a stock this Fall.

**NEVER BEFORE EQUALLED**

In This Market

I CAN FIT YOU WITH ANYTHING YOU WANT from a pair of cheap socks to the finest suit of clothes manufactured, at prices that defy competition.

Give Me a Call and Be Convinced.

**M. NATHAN,****THE PALACE**  
—TS—  
**RENO'S LEADING HOTEL**

—IT HAS—

Light Sunny Rooms,  
Restaurant Attached,

Fine Billiard Parlor,

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS, FO-  
lite and accommodating attendants in every department. The house is first-class throughout, open day and night, and every convenience is shown travelers.

AL. WHITE.

R. W. PARRY,  
PROPRIETOR OF**BUREKA**

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable,

STOCK CORRALES AND SCALES,

Reno, Nevada. First-Class Turnout is  
Transient Stock Carefully Provided For.

CHARGES TO SUIT THE TIME'S

PALACE RESTAURANT,

IN PALACE HOTEL, . . . RENO, NEVADA.

J. GODFREY, Proprietor.

**MEALS AT ALL HOURS,**

DAY OR NIGHT.

**OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE**

The public can rest assured that the Palace Restaurant will be maintained in a first-class manner.

PINNIGER.

APOTHECARY,

Corner Virginia Street and

Commercial Row.

Has the Finest

**CHRISTMAS GOODS,**

And best Drugs, Perfumes,

Etc., Etc.

O. GULLING, President. W. S. BENDER, Vice Pres.

WM. HEWITT, Secretary. First National Bank, Treasurer.

**RENO MILL & LUMBER CO.**

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,**

Wood Turnings,

Windows, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,

Pickets, Shingles, Etc.

**APPLE BOXES A SPECIALTY.****CARRIAGES AND PHÆTONS.**

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE FINEST LOT of double and single Carriages, Buggies and Phætons ever brought to this market.

—Agent for the Celebrated—

Studebaker and U. S. Carriage Co.,

OF OHIO.

—A Fine Assortment of—

**FRAZER CARTS AND BUGGIES.**

I also carry a large stock of Iron Axles and Hardwood in endless variety, and do

**A General Blacksmithing Business,**

Shop, corner Fourth and Sierra Sts., Reno

Nevada. Give me a call and be convinced.

W. J. LUKE.

N. P. JAQUES.

**HOLIDAY ANNOUNCEMENT.****I. FREDRICK,****THE LEADING JEWELER OF RENO**

Announces to the Public that he has the

**MOST COMPLETE STOCK**

OF

**DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,**

CLOCKS, SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE

Ever brought to Reno. Everything purchased is engraved

FREE OF CHARGE, and all goods guaranteed to be as

represented.

Before purchasing your HOLIDAY GIFTS call and

inspect my large and elegant stock and get my prices.

**JEWELRY MANUFACTURED.**

Watch-Repairing in All Its Branches.

**I. FREDRICK,**

Virginia Street - - - Reno, Nevada.

**FOLSOM & WELLS.**

In Masonic Building, corner Sierra St. and Commercial Row,

Keeps Everything in the Line of

**HARDWARE, GROCERIES,**

AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

They Sell at Bedrock Prices and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Their Stock is Second to None in Either Quality or Assortment.

GIVE THEM A CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

**R. LEVY & BRO.**

RENO'S ATTRACTION.

**F. LEVY & BRO.'S**

Dry Goods, Cloak and Carpet Store.

**LARGEST STOCK,****FINEST GOODS,****LOWEST PRICES.**

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

**NEVADA CASH STORE.**

Nevada Cash Dry Goods and Carpet Store

FORETHOUGHT — It is always well to bear in mind that

“A dollar saved is a dollar made.” For this purpose we

are offering at extraordinary low prices the following

articles:

Children's All-Wool Cloaks, - - \$2 50.

Misses' All-Wool Cloaks - - - \$3 50.

Ladies' All-Wool Cloaks, - - - \$5 00.

SEALITE JACKETS and COATS are offered at Eastern prices.

BLANKETS, SHAWLS and FLANNELS, special inducements.

OUR DRESS GOODS of the latest styles positively compete with San Francisco.

OUR FANCY GOODS stock is fully restored.

OUR WOOLEN HOSE Department is newly restocked and we are able to suit

all demands.

CARPETS, LINOLEUM and OILCLOTHS have been replenished with new

and handsome patterns of all grades of goods.

An inspection of our establishment, to convince purchasers

of the above statements, is respectfully solicited.

S. EMRICH, of the

Nevada Cash Dry Goods and Carpet Store

H. J. THYES.

—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—

**WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,**

First National Bank Building, Reno, Nevada.

Sole Agent for the State of Nevada for Schmidt &amp; Co.'s Sarsaparilla and

Iron Water, from Stockton, Cal.

And Idaho Mineral Water and Ginger Ale from Idaho Soda Springs.

I also handle Sierra Beer from Boon, Cal., exclusively. Trade and Families supplied.

Good delivered free of charge in town.

**FIRST-CLASS SIDEBOARD.**

W. O. H. MARTIN.

—DEALER IN—

**W. O. H. MARTIN,**

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire,

Steel, Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

**AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS**

Buckeye And all Other Kinds of Machine Extras a

Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.

CIGARS.

Agent for Empire Mower.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

Estimates Made and Good Work Done at Lowest Possible Prices.

No need to send away for choice goods. Cash trade

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